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Testing. calibrating. advising

ASTM E 84 Surface Burning Characteristics of "Plaster Based Product"

A Report To: Modulo Decorative Solutions

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Report No. 18-002-176(B)

4 Pages

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For: Modulo Decorative Solutions Report No.: 18-002-176(B)

ACCREDITATION To ISO/IEC 17025 for a defined Scope of Testing by the International Accreditation Service

SPECIFICATIONS OF ORDER

Determine the Flame Spread and Smoke Developed Indices based upon a single test conducted in accordance with ASTM E 84-17a, as per Exova Warringtonfire North America Quotation No. 18-002-470,218 dated February 23, 2018.

SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION (Exova sample identification number 18-002-S0176-2)

Composite material described as, "Plaster, water, additives, fiber glass, coloring pigments", identified as: "Plaster Based Product"

TEST PROCEDURE

The method, designated as ASTM E 84-17a "Standard Method of Test for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials", is designed to determine the relative surface burning characteristics of materials under specific test conditions, where the material under test is mounted so that it forms the ceiling of a horizontal fire tunnel. A specified airflow is introduced through the tunnel and a specified flame is applied to one end. Observations are then made regarding the rate of flame spread along the specimen. Results are expressed in terms of Flame Spread Index (FSI) and Smoke Developed Index (SDI). There is no established relationship between those two values.

Although the procedure is applicable to materials, products and assemblies used in building construction for development of comparative surface spread of flame data, the test results may not reflect the relative surface burning characteristics of tested materials under all building fire conditions.

SAMPLE PREPARATION

The test specimen consisted of a total of four sections of material, each approximately 1.5 inches (38 mm) in thickness by 21 inches (533 mm) in width by 72 inches (1829 mm) in length. The sections were butted together to create the requisite specimen length. Prior to testing, the specimen was conditioned to constant weight at a temperature of $73 \pm 5^{\circ}F$ (23 ± 3°C) and a relative humidity of 50 ± 5%. During testing, the specimen was self-supporting.

The testing was performed on: 2018-04-02

SUMMARY OF TEST PROCEDURE

The tunnel is preheated to $150 \pm 5^{\circ}$ F ($66 \pm 2.8^{\circ}$ C), as measured by the floor-embedded thermocouple located 23.25 feet (7087 mm) downstream of the burner ports, and is allowed to cool to $105 \pm 5^{\circ}$ F ($40.5 \pm 2.8^{\circ}$ C), as measured by the floor-embedded thermocouple located 13 feet (3962 mm) from the burners. The tunnel lid is then raised and the test sample is placed along the ledges of the tunnel so as to form a continuous ceiling 24 feet (7315 mm) long, approximately 12 inches (305 mm) above the floor. Three 8 foot (2438 mm) sections of 0.25 inch (6 mm) cement board are then placed on the back side of the sample and the lid is then lowered into place.

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SUMMARY OF TEST PROCEDURE (continued)

Upon ignition of the gas burners, the flame spread distance is observed and recorded every second. Flame spread distance versus time is plotted. Calculations ignore all flame front recessions and Flame Spread Index (FSI) is determined by calculating the total area under the curve for the test sample. If the area under the curve (A) is less than or equal to 97.5 min·ft, then FSI = 0.515·A; if greater, FSI = 4900/(195-A). FSI is then rounded to the nearest multiple of 5.

Smoke Developed Index (SDI) is determined by dividing the total area under the obscuration curve by that of red oak, and multiplying by 100. SDI is then rounded to the nearest multiple of 5 if less than 200. SDI values over 200 are rounded to the nearest multiple of 50.

TEST RESULTS

SAMPLE: "Plaster Based Product"

Approx. Time to Ignition (s)	Maximum Flame	Time to Maximum	Flame Spread	Smoke Developed
	Front Distance	Flame Front (s)	Index (FSI)	Index (SDI)
-	(ft.): 0.0 (m): 0.00	0	0	35

Observations of Burning Characteristics

The specimen did not ignite. Discoloration was observed in the area of direct test flame impingement. Delamination was also observed in the area of direct burner flame impingement.

Interpretation of Test Results

Industry documents such as the International Building Code (IBC) or NFPA 101 Life Safety Code refer to ASTM E 84 (UL 723, NFPA 255) test results using the following material classification categories:

	Flame-Spread	Smoke Development	
	Index (FSI)	Index (SDI)	
Class 1 or Class A	0 - 25	450 Maximum	
Class 2 or Class B	26 - 75	450 Maximum	
Class 3 or Class C	76 - 200	450 Maximum	

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Note: This report and service are covered under Exova Canada Inc. Standard Terms and Conditions of Contract which may be found on the Exova website (www.exova.com), or by calling 1-866-263-9268.

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ASTM E 84-17a Test Charts

Sample: "Plaster Based Product"

Chart 1. FLAME SPREAD

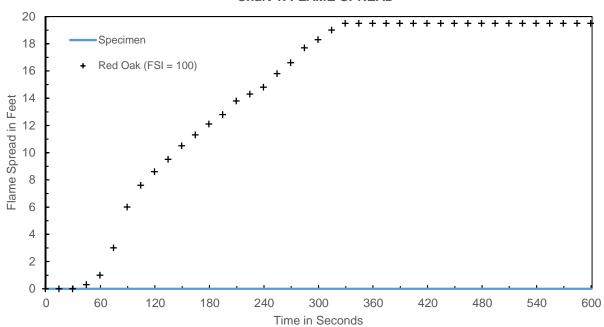
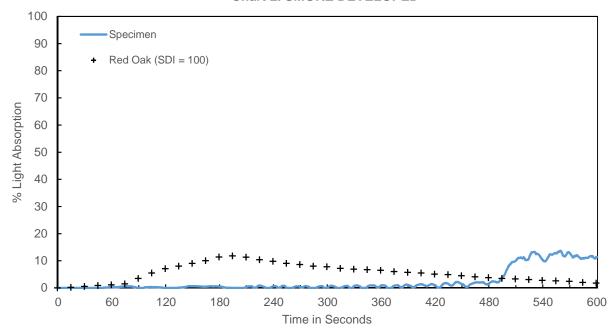


Chart 2. SMOKE DEVELOPED



Calculated Flame	Rounded Flame	Calculated Smoke	Rounded Smoke	Maximum 23' Air
Spread (CFS)	Spread Index (FSI)	Developed (CSD)	Developed Index (SDI)	Temperature (°F)
0.0	0	37.1	35	512